Literary Studies 11 - Bryant-Taneda (and MLeonard)

Diction and Dialogue Assessment: Of Mice and Men

Note: Steinbeck was criticized and applauded for his realistic style in Of Mice and Men.

Big idea: Texts are socially and geographically constructed and language shapes ideas.

Goals: Assess diction and dialogue in relation to a realistic tone and themes of violence and discrimination. Curricular Competencies:

Assess information for diverse purposes and from a variety of sources.

Evaluate the relevance and how language constructs social, gender, and cultural identities.

Understand the relationship between an author's text and context.

Students should do	Students could do	Extension possibilities	
ADetermine who is speaking and	Concisely describe the characters	Determine the character's role in	
to whom		the narrative	
BDescribe the scene and context	Use suitable vocabulary when	Use imagery when describing the	
	describing the scene	scene	
CExplain the message of the	Interpret the words in your own	Compare the literal content and	
quote	words (paraphrase)	explain the inferences being made	
		with the colloquial language	
DDiscuss how the diction affects	Provide interpretation as to what	Juxtapose what the message is	
or changes the message.	the message is with the colloquial	with and without colloquialism	
	language		
Instructions: Read the explanation above. Note the example provided below in question 1.			
1) "You do bad things and I got to get you outYou crazy son-of-a-b***h." (11)			
a. The main protagonist George is an outspoken person particularly when talking with his foil character			
and relative, Lennie, a meek and likeable fellow.			

- b. George berates Lennie about what he did to the girl in the previous town, and while sitting on the dry grass in a treed area complains about how he is burdened with Lennie.
- c. Although George feels he ought to take care of Lennie, he is frustrated with Lennie's mental challenge and how it leads them into dangerous conflicts.
- d. When George uses words like "crazy son-of-a-b***h" (11) he is emphasizing how frustrated he is with Lennie's mental inability as well as stressing the reality of Lennie creating an extremely dangerous situation.

2) "I want you to stay with me, Lennie. Jesus Christ, somebody'd shoot you for a coyote if you was by
yourself." (13)
a.
b.
C.
d.
3) "Maybe he ain't bright, but I never seen such a worker. He damn near killed his partner buckin' ba

- 3) "Maybe he ain't bright, but I never seen such a worker. He damn near killed his partner buckin' barley. There ain't nobody can keep up with him. God awmighty I never seen such a strong guy." (39)
- а. b.
- c.
- d.
- 4) "Sure. Ya see the stable buck's a n****r."
- "N****r, huh?"

English 11 - Bryant-Taneda: Diction

"Yeah. Nice fella too. Got a crooked back where a horse kicked him. The boss gives him hell when he's mad. But the stable buck don't give a damn about that. He reads a lot. Got books in his room." (20) a. b. c. d.
5) "Yes sir. Jesus, we had fun. They let the n****r come in that night. Little skinner name of Smitty took after the n****r. Done pretty good, too. The guys wouldn't let him use his feet, so the n****r got him. If he coulda used his feet, Smitty says he woulda killed the n****r. The guys said on account of the n****r's got a crooked back, Smitty can't use his feet." He paused in relish of the memory. (20) a.
b. c. d.
6) "Don't you even take a look at that b***h. I don't care what she says and what she does. I seen 'em poison before, but I never seen no piece of jail bait worse than her" (32) a. b. c. d.
7) "Married two weeks and got the eye? Maybe that's why Curley's pants is full of ants" (28) a. b. c. d.
8)"You God damn trampYou done it, di'nt you? I s'pose you'r glad." Ever'body knowed you'd mess thinks up." (95) a. b. c. d.
9) "I know who done itThat big son-of-a-b***h done it." (96) a. b. c. d.
10) "An s'pose they lock him up an' strap him down and put him in a cage. That ain't no good, George." (97) a. b. c. d.